

## ***Activities - Voyvoda Street Meetings 2003-2004***

### **Voyvoda Street Meetings about Cities in the Pursuit of the Ottoman Bank Branches Everyday Life in the Ottoman Empire**

● **29 January 2003** - Prof. İhsan Bilgin

**Offices in the First Generation Modern Architecture and the Ottoman Bank Building.**

● **26 February 2003** - Assist. Prof. Paolo Girardelli

**The Italian Community in Istanbul in the XIXth Century. Architecture, Spaces, Social Relationship.**

● **19 March 2003** - Prof. Edhem Eldem

**When the Palace Became a Prison: Murad V and His Family at the Ciragan Palace.**

● **16 April 2003** - Assoc. Prof. Tulay Artan

**Was Edirne the Capital City of the Empire in the Second Half of the XVIIth Century?**

● **14 May 2003** - Yavuz Selim Karakisla

**The Women Soldiers of the Ottoman Army: The Battalion of Women Workers (1917-1919)**

### **Voyvoda Street Meetings about Economic History**

The theme of these meetings, which started in 2000, was "Finance, Investments and Commerce in the Ottoman Empire and Turkey".

● **1 October 2003** - Prof. Suraiya Faroqhi

**Debtors and Creditors during the 18th Century in Bursa**

● **5 November 2003** - Prof. Tevfik Güran

**Ottoman Public Finance in the 19th Century**

● **3 December 2003** - Prof. Ayhan Aktar

**The Story of the Capital Levy**

● **7 January 2004** - Prof. Şevket Pamuk

**Institutional Changes and Longevity of the Ottoman Empire**

The reign of the Ottoman Empire during 600 years is due to its flexibility, its pragmatism and to the importance given to institutional changes...

● **3 March 2004** - Prof. Zafer Toprak

**Protectionism in Turkey - Free Trade Movement, (1820-2001)**

The time-lag between the protectionism and the free trade movement led the economy, in a context of globalisation, to a structure devoid of stability...

● **7 April 2004** - Prof. Ayşe Bugra

**A Glance over Poverty during the Republican Period**

The question of poverty is for the industrial countries the prime mover of discussions concerning modern social policies. The social security has emerged as the first step of social policies in these countries. Then the system of social security and its relevant institutions have been established in order to support the working population in case of disease and unemployment and during the old age.

Please [click](#) in order to have access to the article of Prof. Ayşe Bugra, published on the same theme in the review Toplum ve Bilim, 99 (Winter 2003/2004), pp. 75-97.

● **5 May 2004** - Prof. Huricihan Islamoglu

**Modern Ottoman State, Private Property and Legislation at the 19 th Century**

The emergence of "private property" as the main institution of free market economy within the Ottoman Empire coincides with the formation of nation-state and other regulations implemented in agriculture at the 19th century. In fact, the 19th Ottoman history is not the history of the "sick man", who tries to obtain the esteem of Europe but one of a region which experiences the difficulties of a modern transformation. Moreover this history is shared by other regions of the world...

● **2 June 2004** - Prof. Seyfettin Gürsel

**Turkish Economy during the Great Dépression**

Turkey was affected less by the damaging effects of the great depression, which shattered many industrial countries at the beginning of the 1930's. The prices and the level of the production decreased at the same time during the depression. The downturn decreased dramatically the level of unemployment. Seyfettin Gürsel will examine the case of Turkey during the depression from the point of view of a macro- economist.

### **Voyvoda Street Meetings about Cities in the Pursuit of the Ottoman Bank Branches**

These meetings took place in collaboration with the Foundation for the Development of Cultural Consciousness (Kultur Bilincini Gelistirme Vakfi) and Fest Travel and enabled us to make a "retrospective city tour in the pursuit of the Ottoman Bank branches".

● **21 May 2003** - Yıldırım Büktel

**A Retrospective City Tour in the Pursuit of the Ottoman Bank Branches: Jerusalem, World of Conflicts**

● **18 June 2003** - Gül Pulhan

### **A Retrospective City Tour in the Pursuit of the Ottoman Bank Branches: Damascus**

● **15 October 2003** - Faruk Pekin

#### **Tahran**

Urban landscapes and community scenery from Iran and Tehran, a land of mystery after the 1979 Islamic Revolution... 'The other half of the world', Isfahan, Shiraz, the heaven of poetry, roses and nightingales, Kashan, Bam, city of ceramics and carpets...

● **19 November 2003** - Turgay Tuna

#### **Cairo**

Cairo housing the Great Pyramid of Giza, one of the seven wonders of the ancient history, famous mosques of the Islamic world constructed in arabesque style, multicoloured bazars smelling incense and finally the sacred city where the Holy Mary and the Infant Jesus, escaping from persecution hid...

● **17 December 2003** - Prof. Filiz Yenisehirlioglu

#### **Yanya, Salonica, Kavala**

How emerged the cities of the Western Thrace? Changes and transformations...

● **21 January 2004** - Yildirim Büktel

#### **Aleppo**

One of the peaceful cities of the Middle East, which housed different ethnic groups and served as a meeting point between Syria and the Occident in the course of many centuries...

● **18 February 2004** - Hayri Fehmi Yilmaz

#### **Rhodes**

Rhodes is the biggest of the 12 islands, which housed many civilisations -roman, arabic, byzantine, ottoman- during its history of 3500 years...

● **17 March 2004** - Turgay Tuna

#### **Alexandria**

Situated in a meeting point between the saint river of Nil and the Mediterranean, this small village of fishermen, glorified by Alexander the Great, evokes today a universal centre of science and culture moulded by history for many centuries...

● **21 April 2004** - Prof. Baha Tanman

#### **Damascus**

The history of Damascus dates back the years 2000 B.C. The geopolitical importance of Syria turned this old city, located over the trade routes, into an object of conflict between the states founded in Asia Minor and Egypt in every period.

### **Voyvoda Street Meetings about Istanbul**

Various themes which focus on the urban sociology of Istanbul from different points of views.

● **22 October 2003** - Prof. Alan Duben

#### **Family Life in Istanbul**

Family life in Istanbul in accordance with the rules of good society...

● **24 December 2003** - Prof. Zafer Toprak

#### **Efforts of tourism in Istanbul: Entertainment Culture**

Ethnic transformations in Istanbul after the Crimean War (1853-56)...28 January 2004 - Prof. Edhem Eldem Muslim Cemeteries and Tombstones of Istanbul

The tombstones of Istanbul mirror the history and culture of the Ottoman society shaped in a space of time of five centuries through its changing or static aspects...

● **25 February 2004** - Prof. Murat Belge

#### **Cosmopolitanism of Istanbul and Economics of Nation-State**

In a century where the economic power plays a key role and where the national identity is of prime importance, a non-Turkish and non-Muslim community became the dominant figures of the time!..

● **24 March 2004** - Cengiz Kirli

#### **Coffeehouses in Istanbul Purina the 19th Century**

The social functions of the coffeehouses in Istanbul as "centres of information" and the endeavour of the Ottoman state to control the political discussions which take place in these coffeehouses...

● **28 April 2004** - Prof. Zeynep Inankur

#### **Constantinople and the Orientalists**

The interest of Europe in the Orient was particularly reinforced during the 19th century and Istanbul became a source of inspiration for the Orientalists of the epoch.

● **26 May 2004** - Assist. Prof. Zafer Yenil

#### **"Culinary Culture in Istanbul" with its Reminiscences**

Transformation in culinary culture in the last years in Istanbul.

● **23 June 2004** - Cem Mansur

#### **The World through Istanbul**

The artist questions instinctively the society in which he lives and works from the point of view of its history and its social framework. Polyphonic music is the witness of the epoch in which it flourishes. Music is also for the musician the way of facing the world.

## **Voyvoda Street Meetings about Architecture**

The Voyvoda Street Meetings of the Ottoman Bank Museum, focused on a new field in order to comply with the interdisciplinary dimensions of the documents displayed at the museum. The architectural structure of "Galata and Pera 1900/2000" was discussed within the Voyvoda Street Architectural Meetings.

● **7 May 2003** - Prof. Afife Batur

**The Art Nouveau in Istanbul**

● **4 June 2003** - Prof. Nur Akin

**Galata and Pera in Press Articles**

● **2 July 2003** - Han Tumertekin

**A Glance in Galata et Pera in th e 2000's**

● **8 October 2003** - Murat Tabanlıoğlu

**Galataport**

● **12 November 2003** - Assoc. Prof. Murat Güvenc

**Galata and Pera 1910: Analysis on Comercial and Social Topography**

An analysis on the commercial and social topography of Istanbul in 1910 in the light of 1904-1906 insurance plans.

● **10 December 2003** - Assoc. Prof. Cengiz Can

**Alexandre Vallauri**

Alexandre Vallauri, an architect of Italian origin, born in Istanbul , who built the old head office of the Ottoman Bank in Karakoy, which houses today the Ottoman Bank Museum participation of the lecturers and students.

● **14 January 2004** - Nevzat Sayin

**Gallery Apel**

After the clearing of a ruined house, something surprising and magnificent emerged...

● **10 March 2004** - Prof. Stefanos Yerasimos

**Some Observations on the Transition from Old Residences to Apartment Buildings**

Who were the first dwellers of the apartment buildings, which replaced the old residences of Galata and Pera, where only one family was living from the second half of the 19 th century? Had they these buildings constructed in order to sell or to rent?

● **14 April 2004** - Ali Doruk

**Modern Interiors in the Buildings of the 19 th Century**

The most important contribution of the buildings of the 19 th century, which one could observe in Istanbul is the adaptation of the modern life and the new technological instruments to inner spaces...

● **12 May 2004** - Prof. Stefanos Yerasimos (On request)

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